# From research to practice: Postgraduate training in reproductive health/chronic disease

#### CRITICAL APPRAISAL

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#### What is critical appraisal?

### The fair assessment of research reports in terms of

- their contribution to scientific knowledge
- the validity of their results
- the extent of the generalisability of their results

#### Why is critical appraisal important?

Review of more than 4200 published medical reports in about 30 journals (many of them prestigious and well-known e.g. BMJ, JAMA, NEJM, Lancet) in terms of scientific adequacy of study designs, data collection and statistical methods (Williamson, 1986)

- only 20% of 4235 research reports met the validity criteria
- ~80% of those inadequately designed and analysed had reported positive findings whereas ~25% of those with adequate designs reported positive results

# Why is critical appraisal important?

- evaluates what the reported research has and has not shown
- generates healthy scepticism for biomedical knowledge - being in print does not mean that research is good or useful
- helps transfer of relevant knowledge into practice, by converting unrefined mass of published research into usable format

#### General considerations

When interpreting any published research article, it is important to assess

- statistical power
- clinical importance
- confidence intervals for main results
- methodological quality of design, conduct, analysis
- appropriateness of conclusions drawn

#### Basic questions

- Are the results valid?
- What are the results?
- Can I apply the results to my practice?

#### Standard format of a research paper

- Title
- Abstract
- Introduction
- Methods
- Results
- Discussion

#### **Abstract**

- Structured abstract
- Is the study properly designed and analysed?
- Are the results important and worth knowing about?

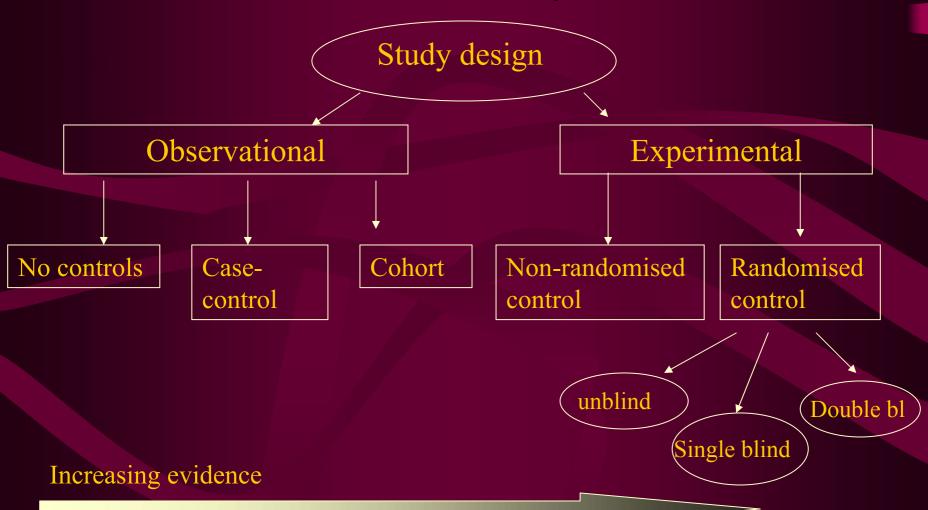
#### Introduction

- Is the research question clearly described?
- Is the study important to answer this question?
- Is the relevant background described?
  - what is already known and not-known on the topic?
  - how this study differ from the previous similar studies?
- Is the literature search adequate?

#### Methods

Is the study design appropriate for the question studied?

## Levels of evidence for cause and effect relationship



#### Methods

- How were the participants selected?
- Justification of sample size?
- Is randomisation/blinding appropriate?
- Prospective or retrospective data collection?
- Any effort to ensure good response rate or minimise the amount of missing data?
- Are the outcomes of interest are defined and measured adequately?
- Are the statistical methods appropriate?
- Ethical approval?

#### Results

- Are the characteristics of the participants described? Are they representative of the population to which findings are applied?
- Are the analyses appropriate?
- Any data dredging many statistical tests/comparisons?
- Are main results are presented with confidence intervals?

#### Discussion

- Limitations/biases of the study
- Clinical vs statistical significance
- Are the conclusions appropriate?
- Are the conclusions based on data do the authors extrapolate beyond data?
- Implications for practice/future research?

#### References

Are the citations presented in a standard format?

#### Authors' affliations

- Is the list of contributors reasonable twenty authors for a small study?
- Conflict of interest any financial/administrative relationships with institutions related to the outcome of interest

#### Summary

- Critical appraisal of research reports is vital to be able to interpret properly and decide to use the results
- Basic understanding of study designs and statistical principles are needed for critical appraisal of research