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- •address the need for ethical considerations in research
- •highlight the importance of informed consent in research
- •review challenges surrounding informed consent
- •informed consent in reproductive health research





• Ethics in research involving human subjects





Protect against abuses





Nazi experiments

H





Nuremberg Trial

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the Nuremberg code issued in 1947

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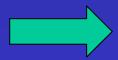
Tuskegee syphilis experiment: 1932-1972



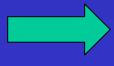


 1964 <u>Declaration of Helsinki</u> the fundamental document in the field of ethics
 & biomedical research

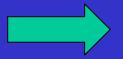
principles



Respect for persons



Beneficence



Justice



1966

The International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights

Article 7: No one shall be subjected to torture or cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment. In particular, no one shall be subjected without his free consent to medical or scientific experimentation"

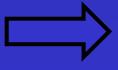


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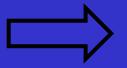
principles



Respect for persons



Beneficence



Justice



- Declaration of Helsinki
 - respect for persons

Respect for autonomy

Protection of persons with impaired or diminished autonomy



- •International ethical guidelines for biomedical research involving human subjects CIOMS 1982
- •revised by CIOMS-WHO 1993



International guidelines for ethical conduct in scientific research identify the requirement for informed consent



CIOMS Guidelines:

Guideline 1

"For all biomedical research involving human subjects, the investigator must obtain the informed consent of the prospective subject or, in the case of an individual who is not capable of giving informed consent, the proxy consent of a properly authorised representative"



CIOMS Guidelines: Guideline 1

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What should be included in the consent form?

- purpose of the research
- procedures
- risks & discomforts
- benefits (to you & to others)
- compensation
- alternatives to participation
- confidentiality
- statement that participation is voluntary & the subject can withdraw at any time
- additional items





• In a signed form concluding paragraph states:

"I have the read the foregoing information, or it has been read to me. I had the opportunity to ask questions about it and any questions that I have asked have been answered to my satisfaction. I consent voluntarily to participate as a subject in this study and understand that I have the right to withdraw from the study at any time without in any way affecting my further medical care."



From a signature...



for legal coverage



To accurate and adequate information



for free decision-making





Ethics & informed consent in research Is obtaining informed consent simple?

- comprehension of information <
- language barriers
- •autonomy and locus of decision-making authority
- •confidentiality and disclosure of information ◀







comprehension of information

Sophisticated scientific concepts





 Level of literacy or illiteracy



Fear of signature



Disease aetiology







Choice of words

Concepts

Translators
interpreters

Cultural norms in the structure of the discourse





•autonomy and locus of decision-making authority



- notion of personhood
- person versus community
- individual consent versus community consent
- women



DÉPARTEMENT SANTÉ

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•confidentiality and disclosure of information



Stigmatisation

Discrimination



Is informed consent different in reproductive health research?

Contraception

Pregnancy

Fetus



Questions:

What is your experience with obtaining informed consent?



What are your views on international guidelines on ethics given the various cultural environments?