# WHO strategy on research for health

### A talk recorded for the Geneva Foundation for Medical Education and Research (GFMER)

**Presenter: Rob Terry, Project Manager** 

**Research Policy and Cooperation** 



Training Course in Sexual and Reproductive Health Research Geneva 2012

# **Overview**

Context and the need for a strategy

**Process of development** 

Overview of the strategy

Implementation

Linkages



## Context need for a strategy - sustained global interest

- RESEARCH 1990: **Commission on Health Research for Development** 
  - Ad Hoc Committee on Health Research 1996: **Relating to Future Intervention Options**
  - 2000: International Conference on Health Research for Development (Bangkok)
  - **Ministerial Summit on Health Research** 2004: (Mexico)
  - 2008: **Bamako Ministerial Forum**



HEALTH

Investing in

Development

Health Research

and

International Conference. on Health Research for Development

Report of the

Ad Hoc

LOSAL MINISTERIAL FORUM ON RESEARCH FOR HEALTH

STRENGTHENING RESEARCH FOR HEALTH DEVELOPMENT

EAMAKD MALL 17-19 NOVEMBER 2008

AND EQUITY

# The need for a strategy - complex array of initiatives



# Mandate

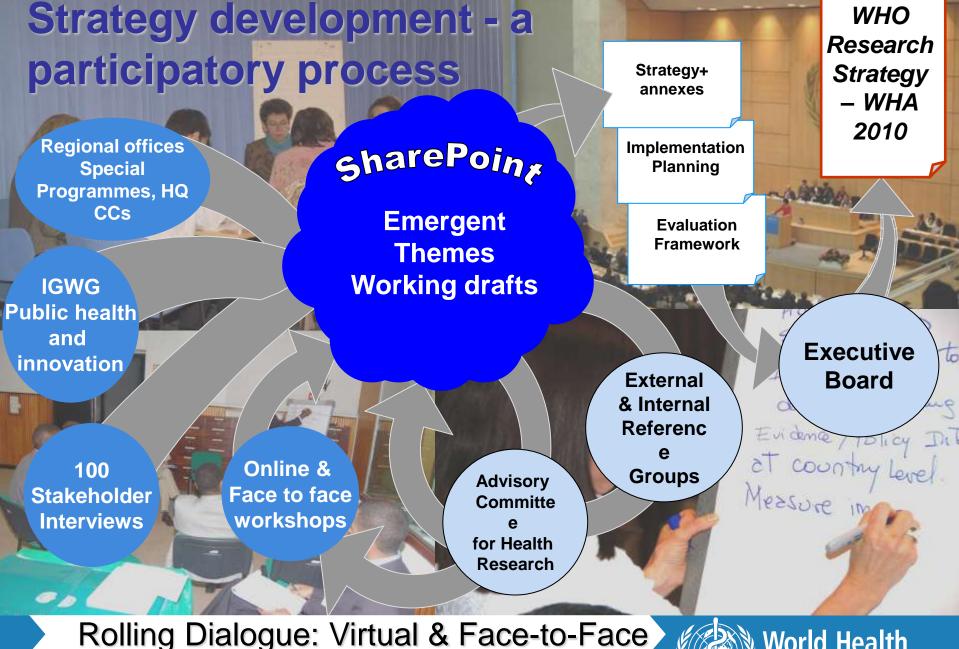
**Resolution WHA60.15 at 60th World Health Assembly** 

requesting the DG...

"to submit to the Sixty-Second World Health Assembly (2009) a strategy on the **management** and **organization** of research activities within WHO"



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6 WHO strategy on research for health | August 2010

# WHO Strategy on Research for Health Resolution WHA63.21 Paper A63/22

# WHO's role in research..... and the role of research in WHO...

- Recognizes research as central to progress in global health
- Identifies how WHO can work with Member States and partners to harness knowledge, science and technology to produce research evidence and tools to improve health outcomes.



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# **Principles**

Quality - high-quality research that is ethical, expertly reviewed, efficient, effective, accessible to all, and carefully monitored and evaluated.

**moact** – priority for research with greatest potential to improve global health security, health-related development, redress health inequities and attain MDGs

### Inclusiveness - work in

partnership, Member States and stakeholders, multisectoral approach, support and promote the participation of communities and civil society in the research process.

## Capacity

Strengthening health research systems

#### WHO strategy on research for health

Priorities Meeting health needs

#### Standards Good research practice

#### Translation Evidence into practice



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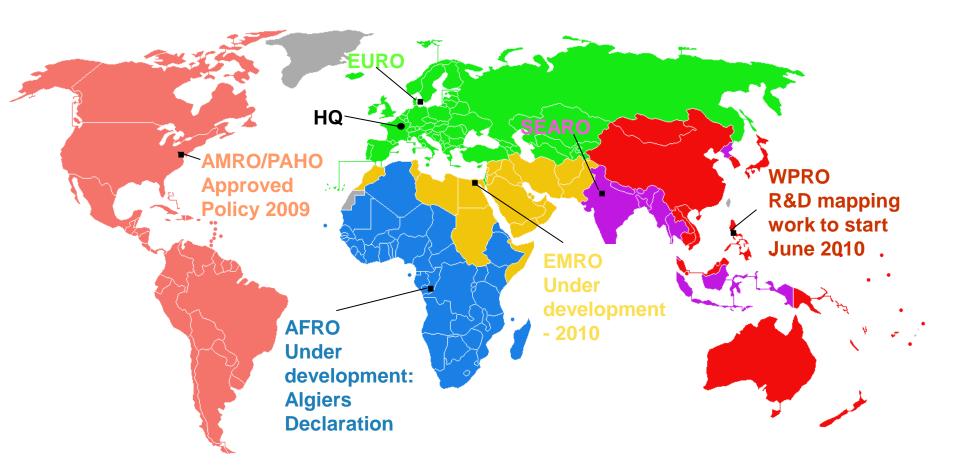
# Summary: implementation to date and next steps

- Roll out to Regional Offices
- Reference/use of strategy by WHO departments
  - TB/HIV, H1N1, food borne disease, radiation safety
- Overview of research at WHO
  - Paper in preparation + research classification
  - research portal
  - Online database
- Joint work with PHI
  - Mapping R&D priorities
  - Establishment of joint M&E framework GSPA, MTSP and RfH

- Policy development
  - Good research practice
  - Public (open) access
- Collaboration WHO + COHRED and GFHR
  - GSPA
  - Health systems research
  - World Health Report 2012 research for health
- Coordination mechanism in WHO – gr8
  - What should it be
  - How should it be funded



## **Roll out to WHO Regional Offices** 1 approved, 2 in development, 3 subject to personnel changes

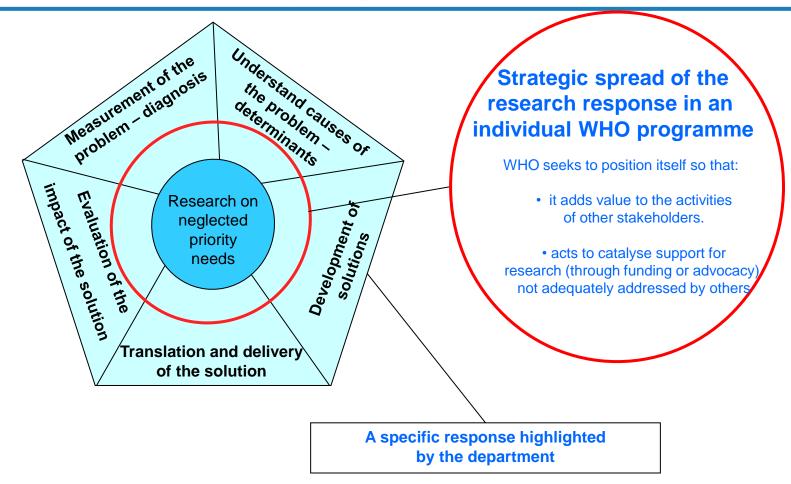




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# A framework for describing the priorities in WHO programmes



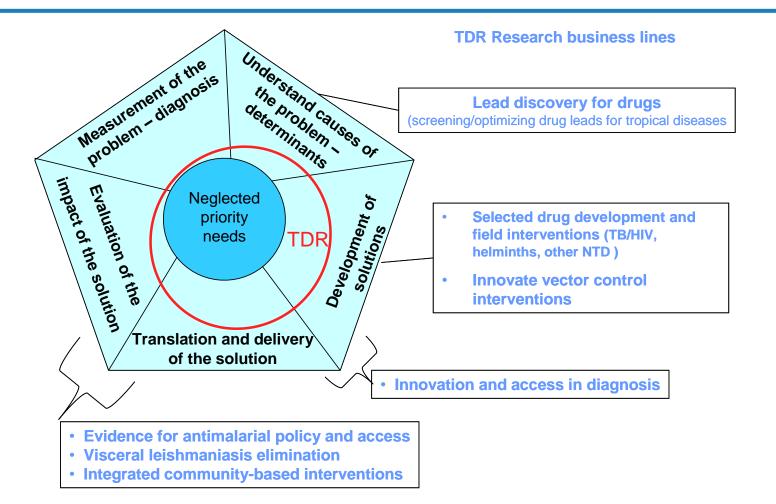


# Reference/use of strategy by WHO departments

- Referenced in setting priorities in the following research agenda:
  - **TB/HIV** research priorities in resource limited settings Lancet paper in preparation
  - Identifying Research Priorities for Child Health Research to achieve MDG4
  - Social Determinants of Change priorities for research in equity and health
  - 2nd WHO Meeting on A Prioritized Research Agenda for Prevention & Control of Noncommunicable Diseases
  - Radiation risk assessment in medical exposures: shaping a global research agenda <u>http://www.who.int/peh-emf/research/agenda/en/index.html</u> August 2010.
  - FERG (the WHO Foodborne Disease Burden Epidemiology Reference Group) translating burden estimates and research findings into food safety policy-making.
  - Women and Health report today's evidence tomorrow's agenda. Development of a 6 point agenda for a gender-based approach to research.
  - WHO Public Health Research Agenda for Influenza (see subsequent slide)

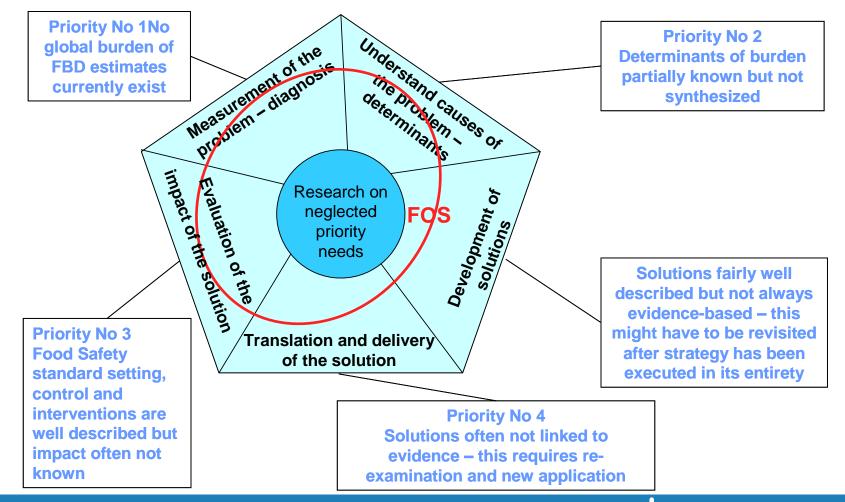


# **Research strategy – TDR 2006/07**



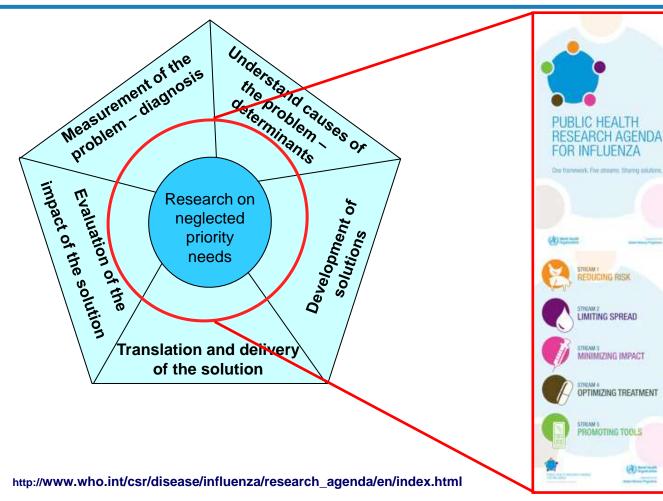


# Research strategy - Foodbourne Disease group 2006/07





# Global consultation on public health research agenda for influenza November 2009



Stream 1. (Determinants)

Reducing the risk of emergence of a pandemic influenza

Stream 2. (Solutions)

Limiting the spread of pandemic, zoonotic and seasonal epidemic influenza

Stream 3. (Solutions)

Minimizing the impact of pandemic, zoonotic and seasonal epidemic influenza

Stream 4. (Delivery / Evaluation)

Optimizing the treatment of patients

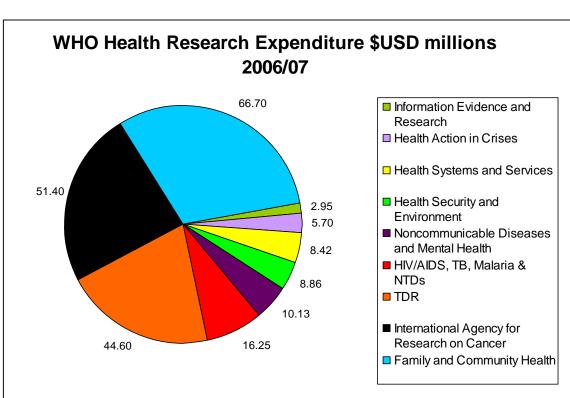
Stream 5. (Translation)

Promoting the development and application of modern public health tools



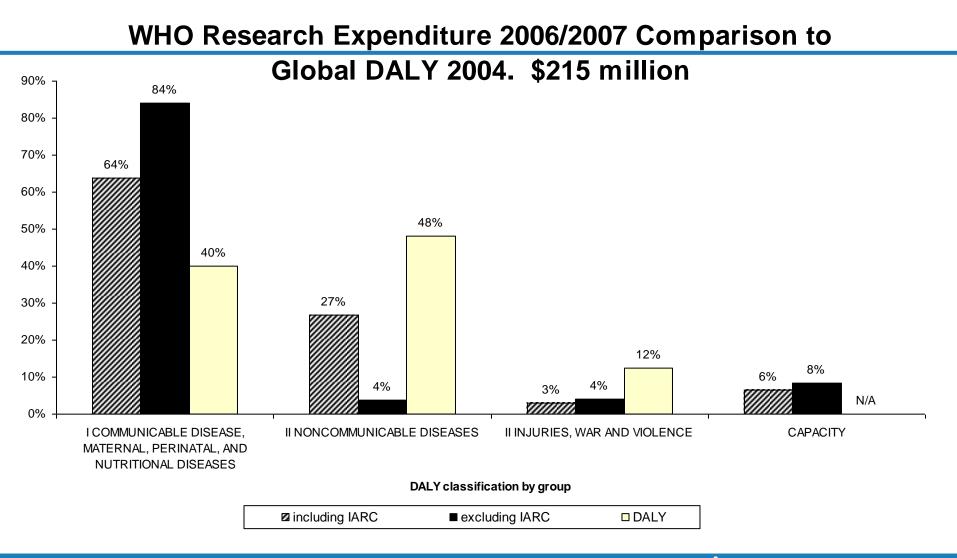
# **Overview of research at WHO 2006/07**

- Paper in preparation describes research at WHO 2006/07.
- Mainly commissioned secondary (synthesis) research.
- Developing a high level research classification
  - priority pentagram x ICD.
    Paper submitted to HRSR
- WHO research portal & online database under development





#### One output from Overview of Research at WHO





# **Priorities** — meeting health needs

#### Working with Member States and partners:

 Synthesize data and develop comprehensive research agendas on gaps in research challenges at national and global levels.
 Element 1 of GSPA

• WHO - establish mechanisms for reviewing the portfolio of research agendas including exit strategies of programmes.

#### **R&D Mapping with PHI:**

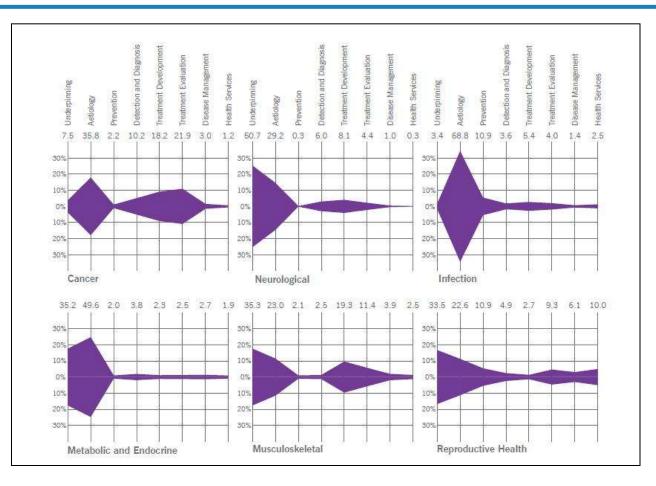
Review WHO exercises since 2005 → 200+

➔ Interview WHO departments & research partners (COHRED, Global Forum) <u>key aspects</u> of health research priority setting.

Develop a checklist for health research priority setting 10 themes to consider



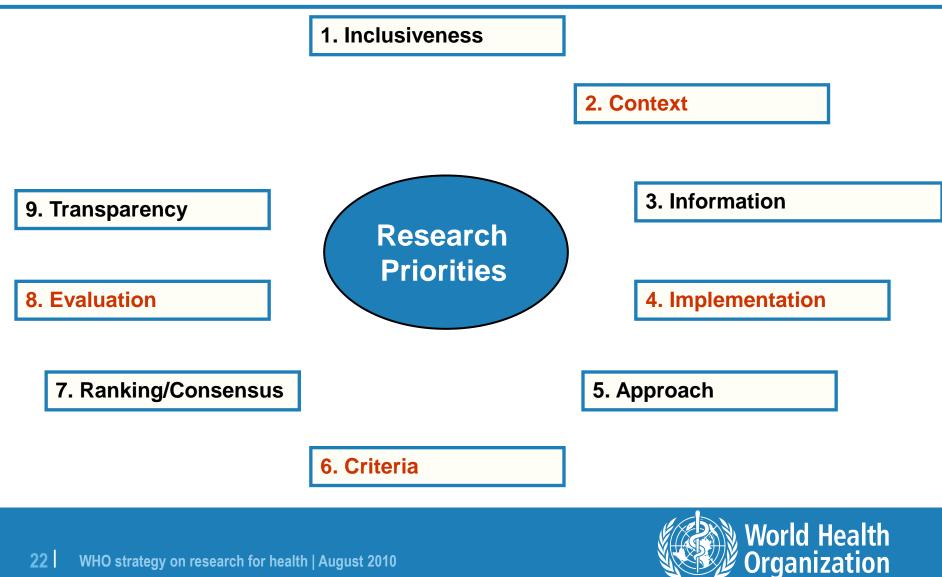
# Classification of research at a strategic level



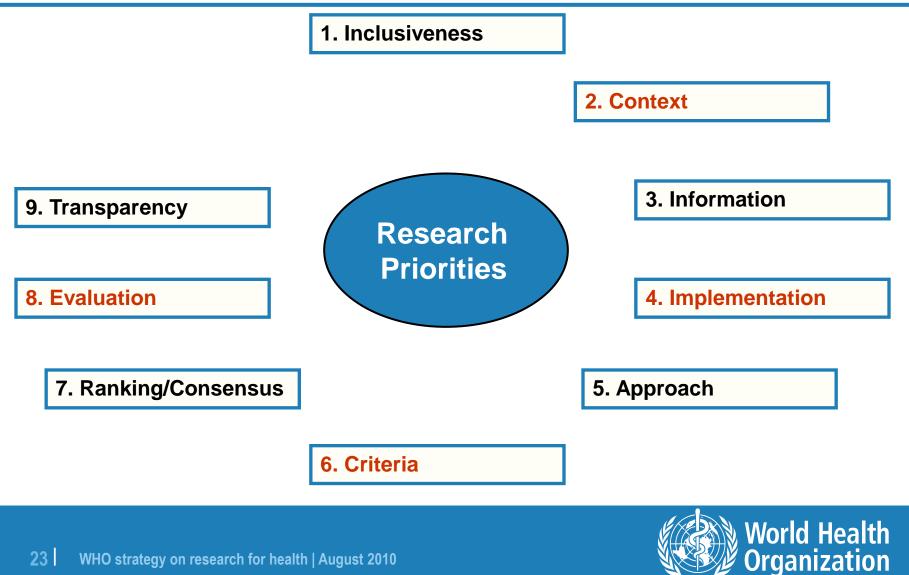
http://www.ukcrc.org/researchcoordination/classificationsystem/



## **Setting research priorities - 9 themes to consider**



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Every exercise is different, and there are no universal methods or standards that apply to all.

This checklist is meant to elicit discussion about 10 topics that are essential elements of health research priority setting.



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# **Standards** – good research practice

### Policy development for WHO

- Good research practice
- Public (open) access

### Guidelines Review

Strengthened committee and procedure

## Review of Ethical guidelines for operating RECs

Revision of Handbook for research ethics review committees

## International Clinical Trials Registry Platform

 Standards in trial registration (ICTN), improved transparency links with regulation bodies e.g. Africa



# Collaboration: Joint work with Public Health Intellectual Property and Innovation

- Elements 1,2 &3 Global Strategy and Plan of Action
- Establishment of joint M&E framework for:
  - GSPA
  - MTSP
  - Research for Health

- Collect data once use for many purposes
- Inform Member States on what can be monitored: innovation, capacity, IP.



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# Coordination

 Calls for greater harmonization and coordination in global research: Bamako Call to Action, Expert Working Group on R&D financing and Coordination (GSPA), Research for Health consultation.

- gr8 Collaborative group 5 WHO (GSPA, RFH, TDR, RHR, AHPSR, IVR) + COHRED and GFHR. Three areas of work:
  - Implementing GSPA
  - Health systems research
  - World health Report 2012 research for health



## http://www.healthresearchweb.org





😴 Internet

Done

# **Many thanks**

- Further information can be obtained from:
- http://www.who.int/rpc/research\_strategy/en/index.html
- **Robert Terry**
- WHO Research for Health Strategy,
- Research Policy & Cooperation (RPC/IER),
- World Health Organization
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#### http://www.who.int/rpc

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