

# **REPRODUCTIVE TRACT INFECTIONS**

**State-of-the-Art**

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# **CLASSIFICATION OF RTIs**

- **STDs**
- **Non-STDs** - infections which result from an over growth of normal vaginal flora  
e.g bacterial vaginosis & yeast infections
- **Iatrogenic**

# **ESTIMATES OF NEW CASES OF STDs PER YEAR (1995)**

<b><u>DISEASE</u></b>	<b><u>NEW CASES</u></b>
• Gonorrhoea	• 62 million
• Chlamydia	• 89 million
• Syphilis	• 12 million
• Chancroid	• 7 million
• Trichomoniasis	• 170 million
• <b><u>TOTAL</u></b>	• <b><u>340 million</u></b>
• <i>source: UNAIDS; 1997</i>	

# **ESTIMATES OF NEW CASES OF STDs PER YEAR (1995) IN MILLIONS**

<b><u>REGION</u></b>	<b><u>NEW CASES</u></b>
• NORTH AMERICA	14
• LATIN AMERICA & CARIBBEAN	36
• WESTERN EUROPE	16
• E. EUROPE & C. ASIA	18
• EAST ASIA & PACIFIC	23
• SOUTH & S.E. ASIA	150
• AUSTRALASIA	1
• N.AFRICA & MIDDLE EAST	10
• SUBSAHARAN AFRICA	65

*(source: UNAIDS; 1997)*

# **FAILURE TO CONTROL STDs:**

## **PROGRAMME LEVEL**

- **Low priority by policy makers & planners**
  - percieved discreditable behaviour
  - failure to associate with complications
  - failure to recognize size of problem
- **Service delivery thru specialized STD clinics**
- **Treatment strategy focus on (unrealistic) definitive Dx vs (practical) decision-making**
- **Ineffective low-cost antibiotics - antimicrobial resistance**
- **Little emphasis on prevention/education**

# **FAILURE TO CONTROL STDs:**

## **INDIVIDUAL LEVEL**

- **Asymptomatic infections**  
Men 30%              Women 70%
- **Unawareness e.g vaginal discharge**
- **Willingness to seek care**
  - fail to recognise seriousness
  - embarrassment/stigma
  - access to treatment
  - cost of treatment

# **MANGEMENT LEVELS OF RTI/STD**

- **Syndromic management**
- **Syndromic plus clinical management**
- **Syndromic plus clinical management & limited laboratory tests**
- **Clinical plus laboratory tests (etiological diagnosis)**

# **SYNDROMIC CASE MANAGEMENT**

- Is based on identifying consistent groups of symptoms and signs which constitute a definite ‘syndrome’.
- Syndromic case management algorithms/flowcharts are then used to guide the treatment.

# **IMPORTANT REQUIREMENTS**

- **Knowledge of most common causative organisms for each syndrome**
- **choice of anti-microbial treatment:**
  - Broad spectrum
  - high efficacy (95%)
  - single dose (preferably)
  - low cost
  - long shelf life
- **Anti-microbial resistance pattern**
- **Partner notification & counselling**
- **Referral for complicated cases**

# **RISK ASSESSMENT**

- “A set of carefully designed questions to elicit salient features about the individual’s sexual life that would indicate the probability of that individual having STD”

# **RTI/STD SYNDROMES**

- **Urethral discharge**
- **Genital ulcer**
- **Vaginal discharge**
- **Lower abdominal pain**
  
- **Scrotal swelling**
- **Eye infection in the New born**

# **Recommended Treatment Regimens**

- **Neisseria Gonorrhoeae:**

*Single dose:* cefixime- 400 mg p.o.  
ciprofloxacin- 500 mg p.o.  
ceftriaxone- 250 mg i.m.  
spectinomycin-2 g i.m  
kanamycin- 2g i.m.

*Multiple dose:* co-trimoxazole 10 tabs/d/3days  
(trimethoprim 80mg/sulfamethoxazole 400mg)

# Treatment Regimens

- **Chlamydia Trachomatis:**

*Single dose:* - azithromycin-1g. P.o.

*Multiple dose:*

- doxycycline-100mg. P.o., 2x/d x7 days
- tetracycline- 500mg. P.o., 4x/d x7 days
- erythromycin-500mg. P.o., 4x/d x7 days
- sulfafurazole-500mg. P.o., 4x/d x10 days

# Treatment Regimens

- Syphilis - Treponema Pallidum:

*Single dose:*

-benzathine penicillin G-2.4mU i.m.; in 2 injcs. same day

*Multiple dose:*

-aq. Benz.penicillin 1.2 mU i.m/d x 10 days

-doxycyclin 100mg p.o., 2x/d x15 days

-tetracyclin 500mg p .o., 4x/d x 15 days

-erythromycin 500mg p.o. 4x/d x 15 days

# Treatment Regimens

- Chancroid - *Haemophilus ducreyi*:

*Single dose:* ciprofloxacin- 500 mg p.o.

ceftriaxone- 250 mg i.m.

*Multiple dose:*

erythromycin- 500mg p.o., 4x/d x 7 days

co-tromoxazole, 2 tabs. 2x/d x 7 days

# Treatment Regimens

- **Bacterial Vaginosis / Trichomoniasis:**

Metronidazole

*Single dose:* 2 g p.o.

*Multiple dose:* 400-500 mg p.o., 2x/d x 7days

# Treatment Regimens

- **Candida Albicans:**

*Single dose:*

-clotrimazole- 500mg inserted in vagina

*Multiple dose:*

-clotrimazole or miconazole- 200mg vaginal  
pessary, 1/d x 3 days

-nystatin-100 000U vaginal pessary, 1/d x 14ds

*Topical antifungal cream*

# **STD Diagnosis**

*The future:*

- Cytorich/Thin-prep
- Dipsticks-chromatography